seary osen sain by the distinguished senator who has brought to the investigation of the money question that ability which he has carried into all his work, and who adds to ability eloquence to present and to eloquence a magnificent courage to defend Democracy as it was taught by the fathers. [Applause.] To such a State, represented by John W. Daniel [applause] no apostle of bimetallism need come to sid in the work of education.

"I am not here as a campaigner. I am simply passing through the State, because I would never have come to Virginia with any thought that my presence was necessary to secure the electoral vote of the State. [Applause.] I am the nomines of three Conventions, but I do not appeal to the votes of any man on the ground that I am nominated by his party. I have a higher claim to your suffraces than party ties can give me. I appeal to you as the only candidate to the Presidency who believes that the American people can have a financial policy of their own. [Appause.]
"If there is a man who respects party regularity

Presidency who believes that the American people can have a financial policy of their own. Applause.]

"If there is a man who respects party regularity he cannot complain of the manner of my nomination. The Democratic Convention which met at Chicago represented the voters of the Democratic party more truly, more completely than any Convention which has been held in recent years. That Convention was regularly called by the regular anthorities, and delegates were chosen in every State in the regular manner. And more than that, the issue joined between the friends of free coinage and its enemies was fought out before the people themselves, the highest tribunal known under our form of Government. [Applause.] The voter, not the bosses, ran the Chicago Convention [applause], and I am proud to be the nominee of the Convention which gave excression to the hope, the aspirations of the common people of the Democratic party. [Cheers.]

common people of the Democratic party. [Cheers.]

"But with all this claim to regularity, I do not ask a single benocrat to vote for my election if in his heart he believes that my election would injure his country. To me a party is but a means to an end. And I shall not feel unkindly to any Democrat who honestly and conscientiously puts his country above his party and votes against me if he believes that the policy for which I stand would bring injury to our common country. But, my friends, I want the man who leaves the Democratic party to find his reason in his head or his heart and not in his pocket. [Great theers.]

"How can you tell whether a man is bonest

cheers.]

"How can you tell whether a man is honest when he tells you that the election of the Chicago ticket would injure his country. I will give you a way to tell. Any man who thinks that my election would injure this country can prove it in just one way, and that is by voting for the Hepublican candidate and thus make sure of my defeat. [theers.] Don't tell us that your conscience won't permit you to vote the Democratic ticket and then vote for a boilting licket.

The Bible tells us of the man who hid his talent in the earth and who was condemned be-cause he had neglected to improve his opportunity. I want to say to you that the ballot is given to the citizen as a sacred trust to be used according to his judgment and his conscience, and that no man in the hour of peril had a moral right to three his vote away. It heers. I Why is it that some Democrats or some people who used

to may in the hour of peril hasts moral right to three his vote away. It heers. Why is it that some hemocrats, or, some people who used to be Democrats, spend the day in telling how the election of the Chicago ticks would ruin this country and then refuse to cast their votes for the only man who can defeat the Chicago nominee. [Cheare.] I will tell you why. It is because they have not the rourse to bear the colling of being Republicans. [Great cheering.]

"They who are not for us are against us. We would have more respect for them than if they were shonest enough to go where they belong. [Chears.] Now, as I have said, we appeal to no man to go contrary to his judgment and his conscience. But I want to warm you who are in contomplation of desertion from the Democratic party at this time that the hish who in the face of such an enemy either see to the rear or is found in secret conference with the enemy is a traitor upon whom the present and less comes and he shall not come heread shall be placed and he shall not come

See to the rear or is found in secret conference with the enemy is a traitor upon whom the brand shall be placed, and he shall not come back again. [Loud cheers.]

These assistant Republicans whose hearts are willing, but whose flesh is weak liaughter] may as well understand now that the contest in which we are engaged is not a contest for this year alone. I believe we shall win now. But whether we win now or not, we have begun a warfare against the gold standard, which shall continue but the gold standard is driven from our shores back to England. [Cheers.] We have been opposed to the importation of criminals and paupers from abroad, and we shall oppose the importation of a financial system which is

THE SUN, SALEMANN.

| Description of the property of the prope

you that he makes in somery not from the men from whom he borrows money, but from the men to whom he solis goods, and therefore he wants a financial policy that will enable more meney, and therefore he is for bimetallism because it is good for himself.

"But you ask an Eastern advocate of the gold standard why he wants a gold standard, and does he tell you that he wants it because it is good for the gold standard because it is good for the sold standard because it is good for the sold standard because it is good for the laborer. He is for it because it is good for the business man. You tell him that these people are willing to risk bimetallism and then what does beasy? Hising to the full height of his moral stature, he tells you that he cannot, according to his conscience, allow other people to burt thomselves, even if they want to hurt themselves. Lifther Kastern financier is troubled with inability to sleep his deceive does not ask the cause; he simply tells him to quit worrying about the poor people of this country and go to sleep. [Laughter.] When I find a man who wants a certain financial policy because it would be good for him, I say he is a very natural sort of a man, and that I have seen men like him before. Hiw the shall willingly abide it, whether it watch to see that he don't reach me when he feels for me. (Cheers.)

"Now my friends. I now must close. [Cries of "Go on! Go on!"] I have been proving my loyaity to the ratio of 11 to 1 by working sixteen hours in one day, and I cannot go beyond that, my friends. I want you have a subject to defeat, conscious that victory must at last come to all those who fight for the cause of truth." (Great heering.)

Mr. Bryan will start for Washington at 7 o'clock to morrow morning. The heur of his arrival there is uncertain, as he will make several speeches elimination. The heavy of his province in the su

or a broad burlesque on the performance of Representative Grosvenor of Ohio prior to the

St. Louis Convention.
"The figures are so ridiculous," said Chairman Babcock, "that I hardly know what to say about them. Since I have been in charge of the work of this committee I have never made a boomerang statement of that kind. It does not pay any party to do it. Two years ago all our estimates were based on facts and on undoubted information, and what we give out this year will be of the same kind. Chairman Jones might as well have claimed the whole thing. He left only a few States for the Republicans, but I don't see why he did this. When Mr. Jones came here from New York a short time ago he claimed New York by a large majority. I notice

came here from New York a short time ago he claimed New York by a large majority. I notice now that New York is not included in the estimate he gives out. That's funny. I don't see how a manager can say one thing one day and another the next.

"A number of States in the Chicago estimate are not even dehatable ground, they are so surely Republican. For instance, Visconsin is claimed by the Democrates by 30,000 majority. Not even the Democrates in that State claim that they will win. The lowest majority for the Republicans I have seen figured on in Wisconsin is 30,000, and we claim the State by 100,000. An indication of the feeling in Wisconsin is 30,000, and we claim the State offered to bet \$1,000 to \$500 that the State offered to bet \$1,000 to \$500 that the State offered to bet \$1,000 to \$500 that the State offered to bet \$1,000 to \$500 that the State offered to bet \$1,000 to \$500 that the State offered to bet \$1,000 to \$500 that the State offered to majority and the only question is the size of the majority the tiexet will get in those States.

"The most preposterous thing of all is the claim that Ohio will go for Bryan by 25,000 majority. Our advices from Ohio are that the majority for McKinley will be fully as large as the majority for Bushnell two years ago, and in all probability it will be much greater. I have received trustworthy reports from fully half of the Congress districts of the State, and they show no falling off in the Republican vote. I believe the reports from the other districts will show the same state of affairs."

# MR. PORTER CONGRATULATED.

A Demonstration by His Fellow Townsmer Without Regard to Party.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 18.-About five housand of the townsmen of the Hon. W. F. Porter, who returned from Buffalo this morning, marched to his home to-night, headed by a brass band, and tendered him a non-partisan ovation and their congratulations as fellow citizens on his nomination for the office of Lieutenant-Governor. Congratulatory speeches were made by ex-County Judge Henry Purcell, Rogers, a Republican and a leading member of the Jefferson county bar, who has opposed Mr. Porter in some of the most important legal actions ever tried in this section. Both speakers carefully refrained from any aliusion to political issues, but paid a high tribute to Mr. Porter's personal worth, and expressed the friendship which his friends and neighbors have for him. When R. P. Flower's name was mentioned by Mr. Purcell in the course of his remarks it was greeted with cheers. Both speakers expressed the opinion that Mr. Porter's name should have headed the ticket, and Mr. Purcell urged his hearers to work for his election.

Mr. Porter responded to a call for a speech, and in a voice choked with emotion thanked his townsmen for the manifestation of their friendship. He said: "Each man is entitled to carry out that opinion, and he is entitled to carry out that opinion by his acts and by his vote and no man should question that right, whether he has stood ever in the ranks of the Republican party." the Jefferson county bar, who has opposed Mr.

CONDEMNS THE HOSPITAL.

CORONER'S JURY CENSURES THE NEW YORK'S AUTHORITIES.

The Jurors Decide that Caleb Ford Was Removed to Bellovne "While in a Condition Dangerous to Life"-Tes-timony Disparaging to the Hospital, Coroner Hoeber began an inquest yesterday in the case of Caleb Ford, a grocer, who lived at 316 West Twenty-third street, who died at Believue Hospital on June 20. Ford was 67 years old, and was injured on May 12 by jumping off an Eighth avenue car at Twenty-third street. He was first taken to the New York Hospital, but two days before his death was moved to Bellevue. His widow alleges that the New York Hospital doctors neglected the pa-tient, and caused the transfer to Bellevue when his condition was such that he should have

Policeman Mettel testified that Ford fell from the car at 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon. Ambulance Surgeon Keys came with an ambulance ten minutes later and said that Ford's knee cap was injured. He was at once taken to the New

Dr. La Fetra of the hospital said that he attended Ford at once, and taking him to the oper-ating room, found that the thigh bone was fractured. The thigh and leg were put in splints. The next day the nurse said that Ford pulled the splints off his leg several times. Then sand bars were placed on the leg to keep him from disturbing the splints. These he threw at other

autopsy showed that the broken bone had not united, though he did not think that such a

autopsy showed that the broken bone had not united, though he did not think that such a fracture would have had time to unite in the few weeks preceding death.

Dr. Kennison, who attended Ford after Dr. La Fetra lett, said that Ford was suffering from senile dementia. None of Ford's relatives ever complained to him of Ford's treatment. Ford's condition became such that they could not well keep him at the hospital longer. He would not allow the splints to stay on his leg, and his actions were altogether irrational. The attending physician, Dr. Murray, recommended Ford's transfer to Believue, where he thought his mental condition could be the better attended to. The patient was a menace to the other patients of the ward.

Dr. F. W. Murray, the attending physician at the New York Hespital, said that Ford would not lie quietly, and on one occasion came very near causing a compound fracture. He thought the patient could be safely transferred.

Dr. H. L. Hibbard produced a sensation by taking from his pocket the section of the bone of Ford's leg which contained the fracture. He is a physician at Bellevue Hospital, and had made a careful post-mortem examination after the body had been exhumed.

"The lex," said Dr. Hibbard, "could not have been held in the proper position by the sprints that were on it when Ford reached Bellevue. Hesides, the fracture would never have healed, for I found that a tough fibre of the leg had got caught between the fractured ends, making healing impossible."

Dr. Hibbard said that it would have required a surgical operation to put the leg in proper condition. The true condition of the leg was

or, Hibbard sain that it would have required a surgicial operation to put the leg in proper condition. The true condition of the leg was not known to him until he made the post mortem. He declined to express an opinion as to whether the New York Hospital surgeons should have discovered the real trouble. He wound.

James Puller, an acquaintance of Ford, said

should have discovered the real trouble. He thought that death was due altogether to the wound.

James Puller, an acquaintance of Ford, said that he called at the New York Hospital to see Ford. Mr. Ford complained of suffering great pain, and said he could get no attention without feeing the attendants. Ford said that he had had no dinner that day, and after much begging got one of the doctors to dress his leg. Witness assisted in this at the doctor's request, while some of the orderlies were standing around doing nothing. Witness told the doctor and nurses that Ford was going to die. They said that Ford was not in pain, but only shamming. Witness called again on the day that Ford was moved, at 11 o'clock in the morning. He went there at Mrs. Ford's request. Mrs. Ford had gone to Conger's that day. Witness was surprised to learn that Ford was to be moved. He saked to have Ford remain there until he could telegraph to Mrs. Ford. They said they would give him until 4 P. M. He telegraphed, but the message failed to reach Mrs. Ford in time. Then witness insisted on taking Ford to witness' home. This request was denied.

Witness said that the orderlies handled the stretcher very carclessly. It had wheels on it and was siammed down on the floor and pushed forward in a way that caused the nurse to reprove them.

"Ih have had people die in my arms," said the

forward in a way that caused the nurse to reprove them.

"I have had people die in my arms," said the witness, "and I knew that Ford was in a dying condition before he was transferred. I begged them not to move him, but they refused."

Mrs. Ford, the widow, was the next witness.

"My husband was in a sound condition before he went to the hospital;" she said. "I went to the hospital to see him after the accident, which was late in the afterneon. I was teld that I could not see him until morning. The next morning my husband told me that his leg had not been set until 4 o'clock the morning after the accident. He said he was in great pain and wanted to smoke very much. I asked if there was no room where he could go to to smoke, offering to pay for the privilege. The nurse said there was not.

there was not.

"I saw my husband daily after this, and he was always perfectly rational and kept a diary and wrote sound business letters. No one ever told me my husband was going to be transferred, and he was taken away without my knowledge on a day when I bad to be out of the city. The statement that Assistant Superintendent Curtis makes, that he told me that my husband was going to be moved, is untrue. I asked Mr. Curtis one day if Mr. Ford would be

"'I don't think he will ever be around,' Mr. "'I don't link he will ever to control and saked Curtis and groups."
"When I got back from Congers and asked Mr. Curtis why Mr. Ford was moved he replied:
"Hecause he was crazy."
"My husband spent \$20 in feeing attendants while he was in the hospital. He frequently asked to have things done for him, but no attention was naid to his requests."

asked to have things done for him, but no atten-tion was paid to his requests."

W. D. Schwarts of 272 Third avenue testified that his father was a patient in the same ward with Mr. Ford. His board was paid weekly. He saw Ford moved out, and saw the stretcher strike against a chair and jolt against a door sill so that the orderlies were reproved by the

Schwartz said his father had a cancer and was ordered taken away. Witness secured permission to have his father taken to Bellevue, and then the New York Hospital made the transfer on a Sunday, not letting him know it was to be made that day, so that the son could be present. His father died at Bellevue two days later.

Coroner Hoeber recalled Orderlies Masterson

be present. His father died at Bellevue two days later.

Coroner Hoeber recalled Orderlies Masterson and Carroll, and asked them if they ever received any tips from Schwartz and Ford.

"I never had a chance," said Masterson, and "They forced them on me," said Carroll.

After being out an hour the jury came in at 10:25 o'clock last night, rendering a verdict that Ford came to his death from the fracture of the leg and asthenia.

"We believe," continued the verdict, "that the New York Hespital should not be field responsible for the death of deceased, but we condemn the authorities of said institution for causing the deceased to be removed while in a condition dangerous to his life, and we recommend that a physician shall supervise and be present at the transfer of patients from one hospital to another, and that all general hospitals shall have facilities for providing for patients whose presence is a meance to the welfare of their fellow patients, but whose removal would be dangerous to the lives of aforesaid."

The jury was composed of six physicians. One of them said after the verdict was rendered that five of them favored censuring the New York Hospital severely, but that Dr. Henry S. Stark of 161 East Seventy-second street held out against a censure, and the verdict was a compromise.

## SOVEREIGN TO WORK FOR BRYAN. The Kuights of Labor Man in Chicago-

Popocratic Cauvass in Illinois. CHICAGO Sept. 18 - Grand Master Workman Sovereign of the Knights of Labor arrived in Chicago to-day to take an active part in the campaign for the election of Mr. Bryan. He has established a personal headquarters in the Briggs House, but in a few days he will open a abor bureau and begin extensive work among the workingmen of the country. He called at Democratic national headquarters and had a conference with Senator Jones, Mr. Campau,

Goy, Altgeld, who returned from a stumping tour in the State to deliver an address in Central Music Hall to-morrow night in answer to Carl Schurz, declared the farmers throughout Hilinois were almost a unit for free silver, and would drive twenty or thirty miles to hear a silver orator. A Democratic canvass of the State shows that Bryan will come to Chicago with at least 30,000 majority. In Chicago the conditions are more difficult of analysis, but the party leaders in Cook county claim the reports received by labor representatives point to 90 per cent. of the organized labor vote being cast for Bryan. Chairman Hinrichsen of the State Committee admits there are 100,000 weters in Chicago who have not made up their minds and who cannot be included in any estimate or poll which either party makes. tral Music Hall to-morrow night in answer to

CANNOT AID BRYAN.

J. W. Ross of Washington Declines to Be a Vice-President of the Sryan Meeting. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.-The Hen. J. W. Ross, one of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia by appointment of President Cleveland, has written a letter declining to act as Vice-President of the Bryan meeting here to-

norrow night. He says:
"The respect which I entertain for Mr. Bryan as a man and a statesman, based upon a personal acquaintance with him since he first became a member of Congress, and the personal friendship which grew out of that acquaintence, and the fact that he is a native of Illinois and a graduate of Illinois College, would induce me to join willingly and gratefully with my old Democratic associates of the District in any movement tending to show respectful regard for him as a public man. It has been my destre, since the Chicago Convention, to become convinced that my duty to the grand convinced that my duty to the grand old organization with which I have been identified ever since I attained my majority required me to support the ticket named at Chicago, in spite of some of the declarations of the platform with which I could not coincide. I sought to persuade myself that Mr. Bryan's training as a lawyer would render him conservative and safer than the tendencies and the advice of many of the extreme men who constructed the platform. My time during my recent visit to Illinois was largely given to the consideration of these questions, and to the perusal of Mr. Bryan's speeches and the arguments of other able men on both sides of the financial question, As a result of my deliberations I cannot avoid the conclusion that, with all of Mr. Bryan's strength of character and ability, he would, if elected, be dominated by the objectionable doctrines of the Chicago platform and of the one promulgated by the Populista at St. Louis, and that, as a result, the best interests of the entire country would not be subserved by his election."

SENATOR SMITH'S POSITION.

Me Will Support Bryan, but Won't Do Any Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 18.-United States Senator James Smith, Jr., gave out to-day the following statement regarding the Chicago platform and ticket:

"The lines upon which the present political campaign is being conducted, and the interpretation of the Chicago platform by the New Jersey Democratic Convention held to select electors, are in opposition to the views which I expressed when called upon to speak on the financial question in the Senate. My desire has been to find a way to harmonize those views with the platform declaration and to harmonize my individual opinion with the expression of the party councils. With these objects in mind, I have given the question at issue careful consideration. The result is, I find my mind ad-

hering to the course I took in the Senate, as the enly course consistent with a sound financial policy.

"This conclusion being fixed, it necessarily follows that I should not participate in the direction of the campaign as a member of either the National or the State Committee. Justice to the candidates demand that their cause be in the hands of those who are without doubt as to the correctness of the policy proposed by every plank in the platform. I have therefore decided to resign from any leading position in the political management of the campaign. In doing this I am governed by a sense of propriety and not by an inclination to set up my personal views as against the expressed policy of my party. But as a Democrat, obedient to party usage, I must and do bow to the will of the majority and unhesitatingly express my belief that the people may safely trust a Democratic President and Congress for whatever legislation may prove necessary for the welfare of the country.

Senator Smith, as Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, has issued a call for that body to meet at Taylor's Hotel, Jersey City, at noon to-morrow, when he will tender his resignation as Chairman.

## ALTGELD FOR SENATOR.

The Ausrchistic Governor Wants to Join Tillman in Washington.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.-Gov. Aitgeld, who arrived States Senator. Such at least is the ambition the State Popogratic Committee. It is the Governor's old political ambition revived. He hopes to win Senatorial honors with or without the pected that he would resign to go to the Senate.

"It is becoming more apparent every day that

the Populists will hold the balance of power in the Illinois Legislature. In that case who will be elected Senator? Gov. Altgeld undoubtedly. The Democrats and Populists would join hands and elect him."

The free-sliver leaders are not so sanguine of success on the State ticket that they are overlooking political harbors of refuge. In the last two weeks an unusual interest has developed among them as to the nominees for the Legislature. They admit there is a possibility of losing the State of Illinois on national and State tickets. The election of a fusion Legislature January by the Legislature elected this fall.

# DEMOCRACY IN INDIANA.

Popocrate to Be Opposed in Every Con gress and Legislative District, INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 18 .- The National Demcratic State Committee to-day decided to put in the field a full Congress and legislative ticket in everydistrict to defeat wherever possible every chance for the election of a free-silver man. The committee also directed that a chairman and committeeman in each district and precinct in the State be selected so as to make the sound-money movement felt in every community in

in the State be selected so as to make the sonndmoney movement felt in every community in
the State.

The committee argued the propriety of putting a State licket in the field for several hours,
and just when the movement seemed about to
carry those who oppose it prevented a vote by
moving a recess. On reassembling the committee was steered away upon the Congress
and legislative situation, and nothing more
was done except to defer the State ticket
question to the next meeting, which the
Chairman was asked to call at an early
date. In the discussion B. F. Shively, the Popocratic nomines for Governor, was handled without gloves because of his record as a greenbacker, and it is certain that not a member of
the committee will vote for him whether there
be any other Democratic ticket in the field or
not. Reports from various districts showed
that the sound-money movement is growing in
the central and northern parts of the State, but
not much in the southern part. not much in the southern part.

## WON'T LET THEM ON THE BALLOT. Secretary of State Hinrichsen Intends to Shut Out the Democrats.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18 .- Secretary of State Hinrichsen, who is also Chairman of the Democratio State Central Committee, said yesterday, when asked as to his course as a member of the State Board of Review regarding the placing of the gold Democratic tickets on the official ballot under the caption "Independent Democratic";

under the caption "Independent Democratic";
"No ticket headed 'Independent Democratic' will have a place on the official ballot. There is no such thing as independent Democrat or independent Republican. A man is either a Democrat or he is not."

The Secretary of State also intimated that he intended to watch the Republican Election Commissioners of Cook county, whom he suspected might place the silver Democratic ticket in an improper way on the ballot, compared with the gold Democratic ticket.

Secretary Spangler of the Democratic State Committee was not disturbed over the report of Mr. Hinrichsen's position. He said:

"If our ticket goes on the ballot free silver will lose half a vote, If it does not go on the silver Democrats will lose the full vote, because it will then go to McKinley."

The petitions necessary to get a legal right to have the State gold Democratic ticket placed on the official ballot are being circulated for signature.

THACHER AT HIS SUMMER RIREAT. He Will Say Nothing at Present Regard.

ALBANY, Sept. 18 .- The Hon. John Boyd Thacher, the Democratic nominee for Governor, is at his summer residence on the Helderbergs, about eighteen miles from Albany, It learned by telephone to-day that he ALBANY, Sept. 18. Senator Hill at noon today made the following statement concerning
the report that he had written to friends that
he would support the Chicago ticket:
"I have no desire to either affirm or deny
newspaper stories and rumors regarding my position on the national ticket and other political
questions. When I have anything to say I will
state it ever my own signature."

would say nothing at present regarding on the
financial question. It is expected that he will
write a letter of acceptance, and that he will
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write a letter of acc MRS. SENATOR WARREN.

Why Paine's Celery Compound is Famed in Washington Families.



Many persons out of health have found an excuse in hot weather for doing nothing toward getting well.

"I will wait until fall," they have promised themselves.
It is now time, if ever, in thousands of cases, o keep that promise.

Nothing should now interfere with building up the weakened nerves.

Now is the time of year when rheumatism and neuralgia must be cured, when debility and nervousness must be checked, when bad health must be mended—if one hopes to get well.

The natural, unchecked course of disease is from bad to worse as the fall and winter wear on.

on.

It is not that rheumatism, neuralgia, insomnia, and kidney troubles are hard to cure—Paine's celery compound has made a host of sufferers well—but people make themselves chronic invalids by neglecting the first symptoms of dis-

valids by neglecting the first symptoms of dis-ease.

Thousands of lives that are now fast wear-ing out would be prolonged if Paine's celery compound were in each instance used to stop those ominous pains over the kidneys, to build up the run-down nervous strength, and cure permanently those more and more frequently recurring attacks of headache and indigestion.

There is absolute relief from nervous pros-tration, sleeplessness, poor appetite, growing

IOWA IS A SANE STATE. 100,000 Plurality for McKinley, Says Its

J. J. Richardson of Davenport, Iowa, who, until this year, had been the Democratic National Committeeman from lows for a dozen years or more, and who was a member of the Campaign Committee in three Presidential campaigns, arrived yesterday from Europe on the Democrat, and retired from the National Committee when the Chicago Convention went

mittee when the Chicago Convention went.

Pop. He found a let of letters awaiting him at the Fifth avenue Hotel, most of them of a political character, and from lowa.

"The reports are most encouraging," he said to a Sun reporter. "McKinley will carry loware by 100,000 plurality. Of course I am a Palmer and Buckner Democrat. Iowa will give more votes for the Indianapolis ticket than any other State in the Northwest."

Mr. Richardson will stay over to attend the Palmer and Buckner meeting on Tuesdav night.

was called in the name of the Democratic party. has seen fit to endorse the nomination of Bryan and Sewall and their platform, and as those candidates and their platform are not representative of Democracy, but, on the contrary, stand for much that is inimical to the best interests and welfare of this country. State, and nation, I will not support those un-Democratic candidates or their abborent platform, even nominally. Not a single Tammany delegate raised his voice at Buffalo against the work of his party's destruction; eyery delegate actively aided in it. As I cannot oppose the Presidential candidates of the organization and honorably remain a member of its committee, and as I intend to oppose them and their platform as a prime duty, and, incidentally, in order that I may not lose my regularity as a genuine Democrat by boiting Democracy itself, and thus incur the odium of being a spurious Democrat, my course is clear. I hereby resign my membership on the Tammany Hall General Committee, thus performing, as I conceive it, my obligation as a citizen and as a committeeman."

The Bryan Programme in Washington. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 .- Immediately upon the arrival of the Bryan party in this city tomorrow afternoon they will be taken to the Metropolitan Hotel for luncheon. An impromp-Metropolitan Hotel for luncheon. An impromptur reception will also be held at this place. The meeting will be called to order at \$ o'clock by Thomas B, Kalbfus, Chairman of the General Committee. Col. James G. Berret will be permanent Chairman. In addition to the Presidential candidate, addresses will be made by Mr. Leff Chandler, Senator Faulkner, Mr. Andrew Lipscomb, and the Hon. Thomas F. Grady of New York.

drew Lipscom

GALVESTON, Tex., Sept. 18.-The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen are still busy hearing the readings of reports of grand officers. Samuel readings of reports of grand officers. Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, left this afternoon for the headquarters of his order in Indianapolis.

He was standing in a public building when Eugene V. Debs, who had just arrived, passed by, but did not go out to great the head of the American Railway Union.

"Who is Debs?" said Mr. Gompers. "Why, he is at the head of what is left of the American Railway Union, and that is not much."

Beputy Factory Inspectors.

ALBANY, Sept. 18 .- The following Deputy State Factory Inspectors have been appointed from the civil service eligible list: James W. Ireland of Ithaca, Miss Margaret Forbes of Al-bany, James Stewart of Retsof, Mrs. Rebecca Gourley of New York city, J. Francis of Onelda, Ambrose S. Harvey of Yonkers, and Mrs. Anna L. Green of Fort Plain. The salary of Deputy Factory Inspector is \$1.200.

Named for the Assembly KINGSTON, Sept. 18.—The Prohibitionists of Ulster county have nominated William C. Bird-sall for member of Assembly in the First dis-trict and Robert McGuill in the Second district.

# BUSINESS SUITS

Modelled on the best lines, made of the best Fabrics, and put together by the best tailor hands, are the kind of Suits we are selling-Made of Imported Cheviots, Heather mixtures, hand-finished Worsteds, and the price \$12, \$15, and \$18. None better-not even the tailors.

Derbys, Alpines, as good as any swell Hatter's, only

BYCK BROS Down Town-S. W. cor. Fulton & Nassau Sts.

thinness and loss of vigor and strength, 122 Paine's celery compound.

This most remarkable of all known remedies has won the sincere approval of the most progressive part of the community. Here is a teatimonial recently received from the wife of U. S. Senator E. F. Warren of Wyoming, whose distinguished services for the country's best farming interests are so well known:

"I was persuaded to try your Paine's celery compound in the early spring when in a very run-down condition. The duties devolving upon the wife of an official in public life are naturally very exhausting and I was tired out and nervous when I commenced using the remedy. It ake pleasure in testifying to the great benefit I received from its use, and can truthfully say that I am in almost perfect health again. If I ever find myself running down again I shall certainly give it another trial and will in the meantime recommend it to every one needing it." It."

It is a fact verified by the practice of the best physicians, and by thousands of personal testimonials, that Paine's celery compound makes new, pure blood, builds up the nervous system, and cures disease where all other remedies have failed.

Its absolute reliability is shown by its steady employment by trained physicians and in homes made happy by its unquestioned power of making people well.

CAMPAIGN LITERATURE BY MAIL. Republicans Pay Postage-Popocrats Use

An instructive comparison of the methods pursued by the Republicans and the Popocrats in their literary campaigning has been made by a Britisher who has been long enough in this country to vote, and has taken an interest in the political and economic questions with which citizens are concerning themselves. He did not set out to compare the campaign methods, but circumstances brought the evidence before him. and the contrast was such that it forced itself upon his attention. He wanted to read the silver speech of Congressman Towns of Minne-"The reports are most encouraging." he said to a Sun reporter. "McKinley will carry lowa by 100,000 plurality. Of course I am a Paimer and Buckner Democrat. I owa will give more votes for the Indianapolis ticket than any other State in the Northwest."

Mr. Richardson will stay over to attend the Palmer and Buckner meeting on Tuesdav night.

Good-by to Tammany.

Richard M. Bruno, a member of the Tammany General Committee in the Nineteenth Assembly district, sent his resignation yesterday to Chairman A. W. Peters. He says:

"As the State Convention at Buffalo, which was called in the name of the Democratic party, has seen fit to endorse the nomination of Bryan and Sewali and their platform, and as those can-

He received, promptly and post paid, a bundle of pamphlets in which the Republican argaments were set forth. The package bore postage stamps to the value of 12 cents. It contained thirty-eight documents. The letter accompanying it was made up of eighteen words, and it said nothing about where "the people" were. The committee had been appealed to for arguments, as had been the Popocrats, and they sent the arguments and assumed that the request had come from a man of intelligence. Having got started on him, and enjoying tree Post Office privileges, the Popocrats took advantage of his address, and he received from them yesterday another envelope, a big one, containing campaign literature, under the frank of Senator Gallinger, a New Hampshire Republican!

EIGHT TICKETS IN THE FIELD.

Two of Them Are Duplicates, but Were Nominated by Separate Conventions. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 .- There are now eight Presidential tickets in the field. Some of the tickets, as for example that of the "Silverites"

at St. Louis and the Silver Democrats at Chicago, are duplications.

Nevertheless they were nominated by separate national Conventions, duly called, and in some States, as, for instance, in Ohio and Illinois, where State legislation controls the method of printing the tickets for Presidential electors, this multiplicity of tickets is likely to cause confusion. In the order of their nomina-

tion the tickets are as follows: tion the tickets are as follows:

Problitionist—Nominated at Pittsburgh May 87:
For President—Joshus Levering of Maryland.
For President—Joshus Levering of Maryland.
Katloud President The Maryland of Himbert School of the Pittsburgh May 28:
For President—Charles E. Bentley of Nobrasks.
For Vice-President—James Haywood Southgate of North Carolina.

Republican—Nominated at St. Louis June 18;
For President—William McKinley of Obio.
For Vice-President—Garret Augustus Hobart of New Jersey.

ersey. Socialist-Labor-Nominated at New York July 4: For President-Charles H. Matchett of New York. For Vice President - Matthew Maguiro of New Person, Democratic Party-Nominated at Chicago July 10 and 11;
For President—William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska.
For Vice President—Arthur Sewall of Maine.
For Store Sommated at St. Louis, July 24:
For Vice President—Arthur Sewall of Rebraska.
For Vice President—Arthur Sewall of Maine.
Reopes Party—Sominated at St. Louis July 24: President-William Jennings Bryan of Necaska.
For Vice President—Thomas E. Watson of Georgia.
National Democratic Party.—Nominated at Indianapolis, Sept. 3: For President—John McAuley Palmer of Illinota. For Vice-President—Simon Hollvar Buckner of Ken

Doesn't Want to Run for the Office. CHICAGO, Sept. 18 .- Henry D. Lloyd will not accept the nomination for Lieutenant-Goverror of Illinois, which was given to him by the "Middle of the Road" Populists Tuesday night. A telegram to that effect was received vesterday dated Fall River, Mass. The Executive Committee will meet to fill the vacancy.

Died at the Murray Bill Rotel.

Mrs. Mary E. Carman of Summit, N. J., died at the Murray Hill Hotel yesterday morning of heart disease. Mrs. Carman, accompanied by two grown sons and a daughter, reached town early in the day on a New York Central train. She became suddenly ill at the Grand Central Station and was taken to the hotel, where Dr. Seneca D. Powell of 12 West Fortieth street was called. She died a few minutes after Dr. Powell arrived. Powell arrived.

Mrs. Carman was 65 years old and a widow.
Coroner's Physician Schultzs examined the
body and granted a permit for its transfer to

Candidate Hobart's Niece Makes Her Bebut on the Stage.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18. Miss Margot Hobert, niece of the Hon. Garret A. Hobart, the Republican candidate for Vice-President, made her debut in the theatrical profession with Charles E. Blaney's "A Boy Wanted" company, playing at the Grand Opera House here last night. Miss Hobart made a pronounced hit is the small part assigned her. Up Town (Open Ev'gs)-158 to 164 E. 125th St